Analog Performer 1: Uptempo

in ACID way, Apple Loops, Stylus RMX, and REX formats



Analog Performer 1: Uptempo showcases the unique analog sounds of the Korg MS-20 and Moog Source synthesisers, performed by synth expert and ambient music legend Phil Thornton. Using Phil's personal collection of vintage gear, the library is a sonic exploration of the MS-20's dual filter, through intricate rhythms and live performances. Driven by a Korg SQ-10 analog sequencer and MS-50 modular expander, the sound of the MS-20 is complemented by powerful Moog tones, Korg Electribe drum machines, and a Korg Wavestation synthesiser.

Analog Performer 1: Uptempo is organised into 10 suites of multitrack loops, between 8-16 bars, at tempos from 90-135bpm. It contains:

- 123 ACID wav format loops (402MB total)
- Sliced versions of 102 loops in Apple Loops, Stylus RMX, and REX formats
- 40 demonstration mixes/music beds in ACID wav format (225MB total)
- 44.1kHz/24-bit audio throughout

Contents

Quick Start	3
Content Overview	4
Production Notes	6
Credits	9
Content List	10
Licence Agreement	12

Quick Start

The library is organised into five folders: Mixes, ACID wav, REX, and Apple Loops, and Stylus RMX.

1: Mixes

This is the place to begin for an overview of the library content.

The Mixes folder contains ten subfolders, one for each suite. Within each subfolder, you'll find a Preview Mix for the suite, featuring all the suite's loops with minimal processing. You'll also find three alternative mixes, demonstrating different selections and combinations of loops, processed creatively for inspiration.

All the mixes are in ACID wav format, and edited to loop seamlessly.

2: ACID Wav

This contains all the individual loops, as well as drum submixes, organised into subfolders by suite.

Each file contains tempo information, and key information if applicable, which will be recognised by programs that can interpret ACID metadata. All sequencers can open these files, and programs that cannot read the metadata will simply open the files as 24-bit, 44.1kHz wav.

3: REX

This contains sliced versions of the loops, for maximum flexibility when time-stretching and editing in programs such as Propellerheads Reason, Apple Logic, Avid Pro Tools, and Steinberg Cubase.

The majority of loops in the library (102 out of 123) have been sliced, but some loops containing legato melodies or overlapping percussive sounds don't suit slicing. In those instances, please use the ACID wav versions.

4: Apple Loops

This contains sliced versions of the loops, for optimal integration with Apple programs such as GarageBand, Logic, and Soundtrack Pro. Tagged attributes in these files are visible in the Apple Loops browser.

The Apple Loops folder contains the same number of loops as the REX folder; those loops which don't suit slicing are not included here.

5: Stylus RMX

This contains sliced versions of the loops for use in Spectrasonics Stylus RMX.

The RMX folder contains the same number of loops as the REX folder; those loops which don't suit slicing are not included here.

See overleaf for important installation information about REX and RMX formats.

Content Overview

Analog Performer 1: Uptempo contains ten suites of loops at tempos from 90bpm to 135bpm:

Suite name	Tempo	Key	Length
Cubic	90bpm	Em	8 bars
Ноор	100bpm	Dm	8 bars
Polar	110bpm	Em	16 bars
Rust	120bpm	Am	8 bars
Axon	125bpm	Gm	8 bars
Salt	125bpm	Cm	8 bars
Titan	130bpm	Am	16 bars
Neon	133bpm	Cm	16 bars
Drift	135bpm	Cm	8 bars
Etch	135bpm	Gm	16 bars

Within each suite, there are between ten and seventeen loops, with descriptive names. The full contents of each suite are listed later in this manual.

The naming scheme for each loop is: tempo - suite name - loop name - key if applicable.

To use the loops, simply load them into your audio sequencer or sampler, following the instructions provided by the software manufacturer.

Additionally, to work with **REX files**, you'll need to install the free REX shared library from Propellerheads. Download it from:

http://www.propellerheads.se/download/index.cfm?fuseaction=get_article&article=rexsharedlibrary

To use the files in **Stylus RMX** format, place the subfolder that you'll find inside the "5 – RMX" folder into the Stylus RMX User Libraries folder.

This is usually Program Files\Spectrasonics\SAGE\SAGE Libraries\User Libraries (on PC), or Home\Library\Application Support\Spectrasonics\SAGE\SAGE Libraries\User Libraries (on Mac).

When you next launch Stylus RMX, Analog Performer 1: Uptempo will be accessible from the User Libraries category in the RMX sound browser.



A Note About Swing

'Swing factor', or 'shuffle' as it is commonly known, is when even-numbered steps in a sequence are offset by a percentage, with 50% from the beat being the starting point, and 75% the maximum deviation.

Two suites in this sound library, **Hoop** and **Rust**, feature swing at 55%.

It can be useful to adjust swing when combining loops from suites (or third-party sound libraries) that feature different amounts of it, so that all material has the same groove.

Most software sequencers and drum machines can adjust swing, or even remove it completely, for example using the Time Designer in Stylus RMX.

Experiment!

We encourage you to experiment by layering material from different suites, changing pitch and tempo, and using creative effects on the loops. The MS-20 sequences in particular reveal lots of detail and texture when treated with extreme EQ and/or compression!

You are also welcome to use the premixed audio files in your creative projects.

We'd love to hear the music you make with Analog Performer, and what you'd like to see in our future products.

Write to us at info@precisionsound.net, or join the discussion at Phil Thornton's 'Church of Moog' Facebook page: http://www.facebook.com/TheChurchOfMoog.

Production NotesBy Phil Thornton

Equipment list

Moog Source synthesiser Korg MS-20 synthesiser Korg MS-50 synthesiser Korg SQ-10 analog sequencer Korg Electribe EMX1 Korg Electribe ESX1 Korg WS1 synthesiser



Equipment set up

For this project, a Korg Electribe (EMX1) was used to create most of the drum sounds and rhythms. A second Electribe (ESX1) was synced to the EMX via MIDI clock. An audio click was created on the ESX1 and sent to the Korg MS-20 synthesiser to act as a trigger signal. This audio click was converted into a trigger signal via the MS-20's external signal processor.

The audio signals from both Electribes, the MS-20, Moog Source, and Korg WS1 were all recorded separately into Apple Logic Pro running on a MacBook Pro via a Yamaha O2R mixer and MOTU 828 mk2 interface at 44.1KHz 24-bit. All material was normalised to -6dB without limiting.

Modular patching

The trigger signal from the ESP module was sent to the step input of the SQ-10 sequencer. The multiple trig out from the sequencer was then split via an MS-50 junction to trig in on the MS-20 and various trig ins on the MS-50. This configuration allowed the ESX1 to control the step advance of the SQ-10 sequencer and the triggering of the MS-20 and MS-50 in real-time. Rests and swing were then programmed from the ESX1, with the loop point of the sequencer adjusted accordingly.

Control voltage output A (up to twenty-four steps) was sent to the cut-off frequency input of the low pass filter on the MS-20. Control voltage output C (up to twelve steps) was sent to the cut-off frequency input of the high pass filter. The initial cut off and resonance settings could then be used for a wide range of rhythmic effects.

This was the basic starting point. As each suite developed, the patch routing was changed in various ways.

The Moog Source

The Source is often acclaimed as one of the best sounding Moogs ever made – second only to the legendary MiniMoog Model D. Designed to be a cost-effective replacement for the Mini, 7000 units were produced between 1981 and 1985. The signal path follows the standard analog synth layout and consists of two oscillators, a modulation generator, a low pass filter and 2 ADSR envelopes.

The Source was the first Moog to feature digital control of all the analog parameters, allowing 16 patches to be saved, as well as two real-time sequencers (2x88 events), a patch sequencer, sample and hold, and a rather eccentric 'arpeggiator' – actually a rather fun 24-step sequencer programmed by playing notes in 'live', and looping by returning to the start note!

The above digital functions are now regarded as being very basic. However, as is often the case with technical limitations, this facilitates some interesting creative opportunities.



Moog Source (top) and Korg Wavestation (below)

For example, the sequencers record via real-time note entry, and on the early models could not be synced to an external source, which makes them almost unusable for conventional applications.

Ironically the lack of synchronisation is a very useful tool for creating organic sounding ripple-type textures, etc. – something that is now quite laborious to achieve on a modern computer DAW.

Complex experimental sounds can be created by overdubbing program changes onto the sequences and then controlling playback speed, filter cut-off,

resonance, etc., live during playback. The resulting effects are still today unique in character.

Another example is the above mentioned 'arpeggiator' which, when combined with a suitable playing technique, can create exotic performances with fast trills and runs appearing between played notes.

Unlike most modern synths, the method of controlling parameters is by the use of a free-spinning weighted control wheel, which has a very tactile feel. Since all the analog parameters have their own dedicated buttons on the control panel, programming and performance is fast and intuitive in a way that is difficult to appreciate unless you are actually playing the instrument. (The Source is often unfairly criticised for this 'parameter access' system, which on paper looks like the same kind of nightmare as a DX7!)

Korg MS-20 and MS-50

The MS series was produced from 1978 to 1983. The MS-20 was one of the most popular monophonic analog synths ever made. In contrast to the widely acclaimed sound of the Moog, the Korg sound is much more 'brittle' or 'cutting'. Just as unique in its own way, this sonic characteristic has recently been gaining popularity partly due to its ability to fit more easily into a crowded mix.

The MS-20 is a fully analog synthesiser, with each module hardwired in a fairly conventional configuration. An extensive patch bay allows this architecture to be customised and tapped into for integration with the MS-50, SQ-10, etc. Features include an external signal processor, pitch to voltage converter, two oscillators, HADSR and DAR envelope generators, a modulation generator, sample and hold, and white and pink noise generators. Most importantly it also features two voltage-controlled filters — low pass and high pass, 12dB roll-off. Both filters go into selfoscillation with high resonance settings. This is, I believe, at the heart of what makes this synth produce such unique sounds!



The MS-50 is a fully modular analog synthesiser featuring a single oscillator, low pass filter, ADSR and HDAR envelope generators, two voltage-controlled amplifiers, sample and hold, noise generator, inverter, integrator, divider, ring modulator, and a very useful voltage controlled modulator. For this project, the filter was not used on the MS-50, because the overall aim was to showcase the dual filter sound of the MS-20. (The character of the MS-50 filter is quite conventional by comparison.)

Korg Electribe EMX1

The Electribe is a popular, twelve-voice groove box. It features a wide range of modelled synthesis methods, step sequencing, digital effects, and valve distortion created with two 12AX7 vacuum tubes. It's very quick and easy to program, with great 'live' performance facilities.

For these suites, the Electribe's drum and percussion sounds were used to complement the synthesiser performances. Most of these sounds were PCM (sample) based with the occasional virtual modelled waveform. Pitch, modulation, envelopes, and so on, were then tuned to the analog sounds – sometimes with further processing via the audio inputs on the synthesisers.

Korg Wavestation WS1

This is a digital PCM-based wavetable/vector polyphonic synthesiser. It was used in a couple of the suites for some thick, evolving pad-type sounds.

About Phil Thornton

A keen sorcerer of sonic visions, Phil has written and produced over thirty solo albums – with worldwide sales of over two million CDs – since beginning his musical odyssey in the early '80s with the group 'Expandis' (a unique artists' collective, best known for their innovative use of electronic sound).

Phil's production credits include the 'Buddha Experience'
bestselling chill-out series, as well as many collaborations with artists such as Sinéad O'Connor,
Arthur Brown, Gordon Giltrap, Earthdance Music, and Hossam Ramzy.

For more information on Phil, visit:

www.philthornton.com

www.expandis.co.uk

Credits

Synth programming and performances: Phil Thornton

Audio editing: Iain Morland and Lars Westin

Mixing: Iain Morland

Photography: Nick Dyer

Artwork: Lars Westin

Content List

090-Cubic 1-Preview Mix Em* 090-Cubic 2-Diode Mix Em* 090-Cubic 3-Sinus Mix Em* 090-Cubic 4-Watchmaker Mix Em* 090-Cubic All Drums* 090-Cubic Bass Drum 090-Cubic Gate Fast Em 090-Cubic Gate Slow Em 090-Cubic Hi Hats 090-Cubic Modular Big Em* 090-Cubic Modular Small Em* 090-Cubic Modular Wide Em 090-Cubic Piccolo Snare 090-Cubic Popcorn Em 100-Hoop 1-Preview Mix Dm* 100-Hoop 2-Magnetic Mix Dm* 100-Hoop 3-Menhir Mix Dm* 100-Hoop 4-Wiggle Mix Dm* 100-Hoop All Drums 100-Hoop Bass Drum 100-Hoop Modular Bright Dm 100-Hoop Modular Dark Dm* 100-Hoop Modular Dual Dm 100-Hoop Noize Dm 100-Hoop Rev Pulse Dm* 100-Hoop Simple Hat 100-Hoop Smooth Chords Dm* 100-Hoop Tabla Dm 100-Hoop Tom 110-Polar 1-Preview Mix Em* 110-Polar 2-Arcade Mix Em* 110-Polar 3-Rubberband Mix Em* 110-Polar 4-Timeless Mix Em* 110-Polar All Drums* 110-Polar Filter Hat 110-Polar Fruity Sine Em 110-Polar Kick Drum 110-Polar Modular Blip Em 110-Polar Modular Pulse Em 110-Polar Modular Riff Em 110-Polar Modular Spiky Em 110-Polar Modular Tweet Em 110-Polar Snare Clap 110-Polar Synth Drift Em*

120-Rust 1-Preview Mix Am* 120-Rust 2-Anxious Mix Am* 120-Rust 3-Bronze Mix Am* 120-Rust 4-Trampoline Mix Am* 120-Rust All Drums* 120-Rust Bass Drum 120-Rust Clap 120-Rust Electro Kick 120-Rust Filter Hat Am 120-Rust Gamelan Am 120-Rust Gamelan Sweep Am* 120-Rust Hat Stick 120-Rust Hi Hat 120-Rust Modular Fruity Am 120-Rust Modular Techno Am 120-Rust Noize Am* 120-Rust Noize Hat Am 120-Rust Pulse Riff Am 120-Rust Snare 125-Axon 1-Preview Mix Gm* 125-Axon 2-Micro Mix Gm* 125-Axon 3-Naked Mix Gm* 125-Axon 4-Shard Mix Gm* 125-Axon All Drums* 125-Axon Bass Drum 125-Axon Modular Blip Gm 125-Axon Modular Pulse Gm 125-Axon Modular Techno Gm 125-Axon Modular Tweet Gm 125-Axon Noize Gm 125-Axon Shaker 125-Axon Snare 125-Axon Wide Riff Gm

* ACID wav only

110-Polar Synth Groan Em*

125-Salt 1-Preview Mix Cm* 133-Neon 1-Preview Mix Cm* 125-Salt 2-Agitated Mix Cm* 133-Neon 2-Emergence Mix Cm* 125-Salt 3-Chase Mix Cm* 133-Neon 3-Mountaintop Mix Cm* 125-Salt 4-Undersea Mix Cm* 133-Neon 4-Slipstream Mix Cm* 133-Neon All Drums* 125-Salt All Drums 133-Neon Chop Fast Cm 125-Salt Busy Synth Cm 125-Salt Fruity Stab Cm 133-Neon Chop Slow Cm 125-Salt Kick Drum 133-Neon Donk Kick 125-Salt Modular Blips Cm* 133-Neon Gliss Gate Cm 133-Neon Hi Hat 125-Salt Modular Bounce Cm* 133-Neon Modular Wobble Cm 125-Salt Riff Chunky Cm* 125-Salt Riff Fat Cm 133-Neon Noize Cm 125-Salt Ripples Cm* 133-Neon Shaker 125-Salt Simple Hat 133-Neon Snare 125-Salt Simple Tamb 133-Neon Spikes Hi Cm 125-Salt Snare 133-Neon Spikes Lo Cm 125-Salt Stick 133-Neon Spread Arp Cm* 130-Titan 1-Preview Mix Am* 135-Drift 1-Preview Mix Cm* 130-Titan 2-Bounce Mix Am* 135-Drift 2-Birdcall Mix Cm* 130-Titan 3-Proton Mix Am* 135-Drift 3-Circuitry Mix Cm* 130-Titan 4-Storm Mix Am* 135-Drift 4-Plastic Mix Cm* 130-Titan All Drums* 135-Drift All Drums 130-Titan Blip Hi Am 135-Drift Blip Fat Cm 130-Titan Blip Lo Am 135-Drift Blip Rising Cm 130-Titan Chunky Bass Am 135-Drift Blip Thin Cm 130-Titan Claps 135-Drift Donk Kick 130-Titan Donk Kick 135-Drift Falling Synth Cm* 130-Titan Gate End Am* 135-Drift Filter Hat 130-Titan Gate Long Am 135-Drift Filter Snare 130-Titan Gate Mid Am 135-Drift Modular Clicky Cm 130-Titan Gate Start Am 135-Drift Modular Dark Cm 135-Drift Modular Spiky Cm 130-Titan Noize Hat 130-Titan Pulse Big Am 135-Drift Wide Falling Cm 130-Titan Pulse Small Am 135-Etch 1-Preview Mix Gm* 130-Titan Ripples Am* 130-Titan Snare Echo 135-Etch 2-Android Mix Gm* 130-Titan Tweet Am 135-Etch 3-Superheated Mix Gm* 130-Titan Wobbles Am 135-Etch 4-Transmission Mix Gm* 135-Etch All Drums* 135-Etch Blip Hi Gm

> 135-Etch Blip Lo Gm 135-Etch Claps 135-Etch Hi Hat 135-Etch Kick Drum

135-Etch Modular Dark Gm 135-Etch Modular Evolve Gm 135-Etch Modular Pulse Gm 135-Etch Nasty Rasp Gm

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^{*} ACID wav only

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